LEON



Financial results

Q3 2020

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Summary

Stabilization of business performance – VALUE 21 gross cost savings target achieved ahead of plan

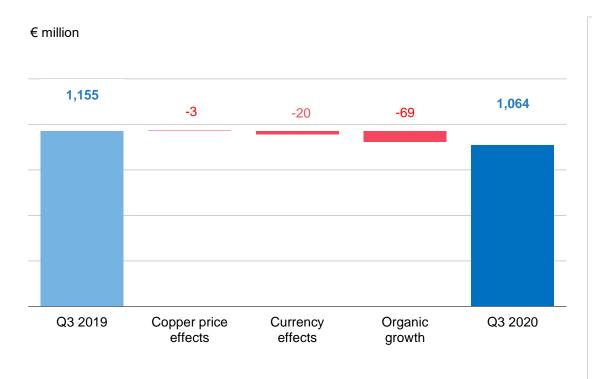
- Q3 sales remain down y/y but negative momentum fading; operating income in both divisions increased y/y due to improved operational performance
- FCF up y/y on the back of favourable working capital development including positive effects from factoring and disciplined CapEx
- Robust restart after the summer break and call-offs by customers are in plan
- VALUE 21 progressing clearly ahead of plan: already implemented measures expected to yield targeted gross cost savings of €500m by 2022. However, phasing of scheduled savings is dependent on volume recovery
- > Covid-19 will continue to burden LEONI's top- and bottom-line as well as cash flow development during the remainder of the year. Future performance will materially depend on development of the pandemic as well the macroeconomic trajectory

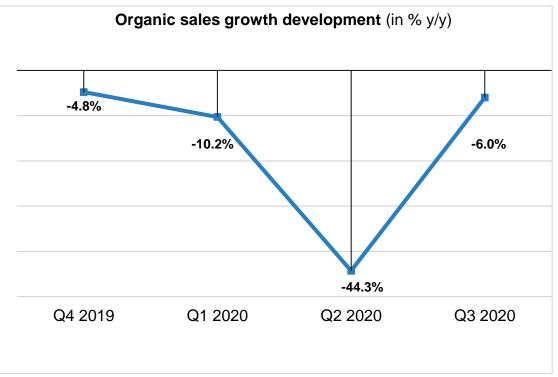




Q3 sales down 8% on the back of Covid-19

Negative sales momentum has started to fade



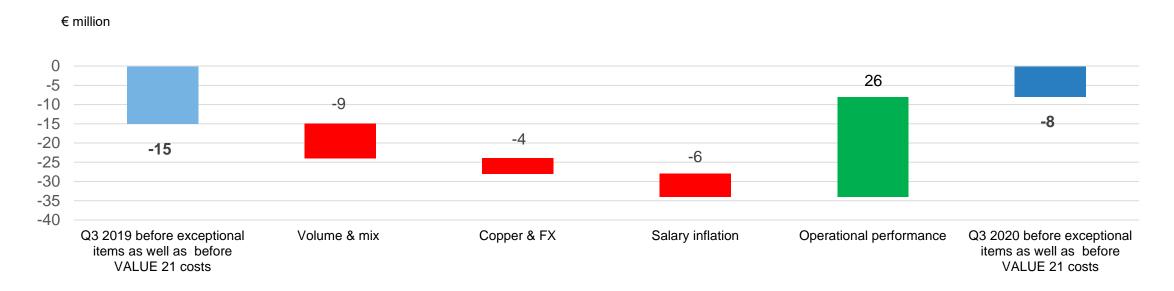


- Q3 sales down (-8% y/y) due to Covid-19 impact but negative momentum fading (9M 2020: -22% y/y)
- > Robust restart after the summer break, call-offs by customers in plan; plant utilisation currently approx. 95%
- > Following the pandemic wave, Q3 sales in Asia are slightly up by 1.6%, but Americas (-14% y/y) and EMEA (-8%) are still down but negative momentum has clearly faded across all regions



Even at lower volumes, Q3 profits increased y/y

Operating income supported by operational performance

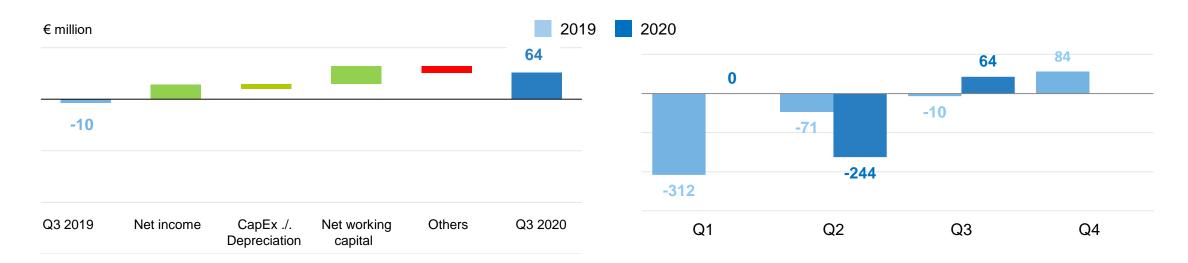


- > Q3 EBIT before exceptional items as well as before VALUE 21 costs up mainly due to increased operational performance. However, year to date remains lower due to Covid-19 hit in Q2
- Volumes, FX and salary inflation are still weighing on quarterly profitability, but negative volume effects were fading towards the end of the quarter
- Main exceptional items in Q3 2020 (€20m): Covid-19 related exceptional costs for protecting our staff (€8m) e.g. for additional bus transport, protective clothing, masks and disinfectants; WCS related provisions for restructuring measures (€7m)
- VALUE 21 costs in Q3 2020: €3m (€14m after 9M, in total €100m to date)



Free cash flow up on a quarterly base and YTD

FCF up due to increased operating performance and favourable working capital development



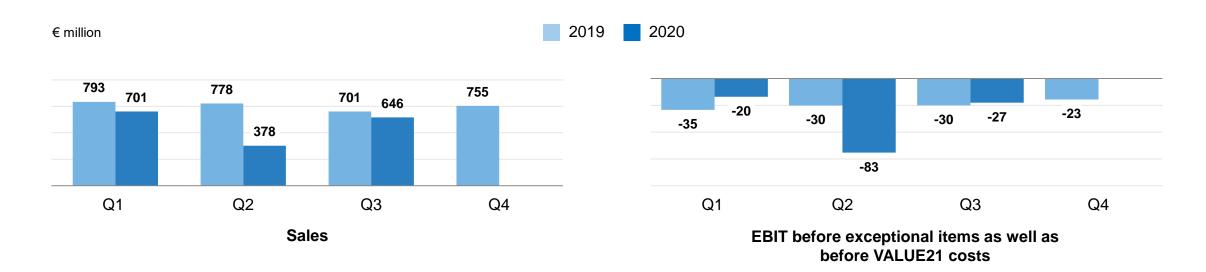
- CapEx spend remains very restrictive
- CapEx: €45m in Q3 2020, €107m after 9M 2020 (excluding the effect of IFRS 16)

- Q3 FCF improved driven by higher earnings and more favourable working capital development including a positive impact from factoring
- > 9M: Free cash flow YTD still negative at €179m but significantly up over last year (- €392m)



WSD: rebound in demand supported revenue and profitability q/q

EBIT before exceptional items as well as before VALUE 21 costs slightly up y/y



- Organic sales: -5.5% y/y in Q3 2020 (9M 2020: -23% y/y)
- > Restart after the sharp Covid-19 related decline in Q2 2020; In Q3, Asia recovered, Americas and EMEA still down (y/y)
- > 9M sales of €1.724bn are still down 24% (y/y)
- New project acquisitions in Q3 2020: €0.1bn (Q3/19: €0.1bn)

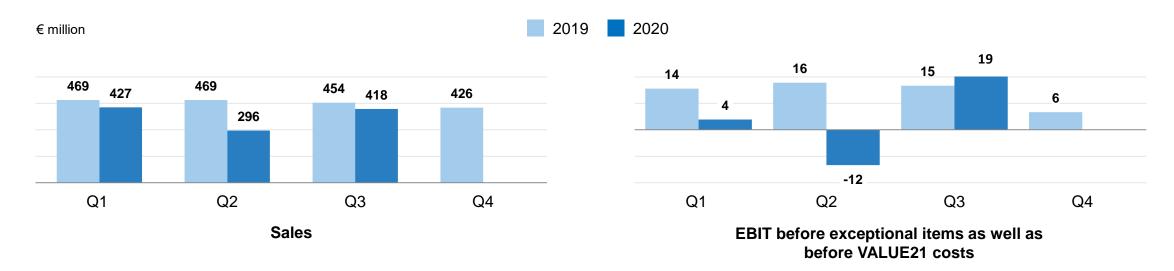
- > EBIT before exceptional items as well as before VALUE 21 costs slightly improved over Q3 2019 but still negative
- Negative impact from volume/mix and salary inflation slightly overcompensated by improved operating performance
- > Reported EBIT burdened by €12m in Q3, mainly related to Covid-19 exceptional items (Q3: €8m, 9M: €14m)

Rounding differences may for arithmetical reasons occur versus the mathematically precise figures



WCS: sales have bottomed out in Q3 and profits increased y/y

Activities improving throughout the quarter

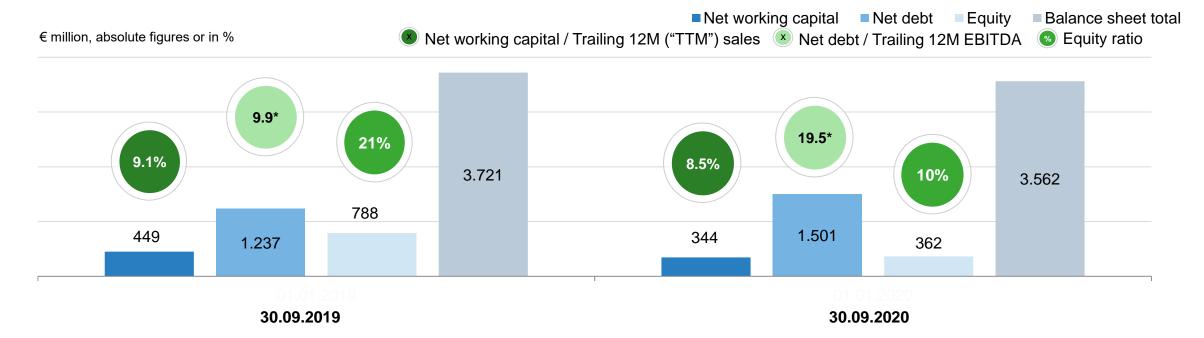


- Organic sales: -7% y/y in Q3 2020 (9M 2020: -16% y/y)
- Reported Q3 sales down across all regions (y/y)
- > Q3 order intake of €448m (Q3 2019: €442m); book-to-bill ratio around 1
- Q3 EBIT before exceptional items as well as before VALUE 21 up y/y
- Negative Covid-19 related effects (mainly volumes) overcompensated by V21 benefits and short-time working
- Q3 exceptional items of €10m include provisions for restructuring measures of €7m in connection with Covid-19 and strategic decisions



Balance sheet still impacted by Covid-19 effects

Key balance sheet items



- Gearing (net debt/equity) at the end of September 2020 of 415%
- > Equity ratio down (y/y and q/q) to 10% due to the negative quarterly result

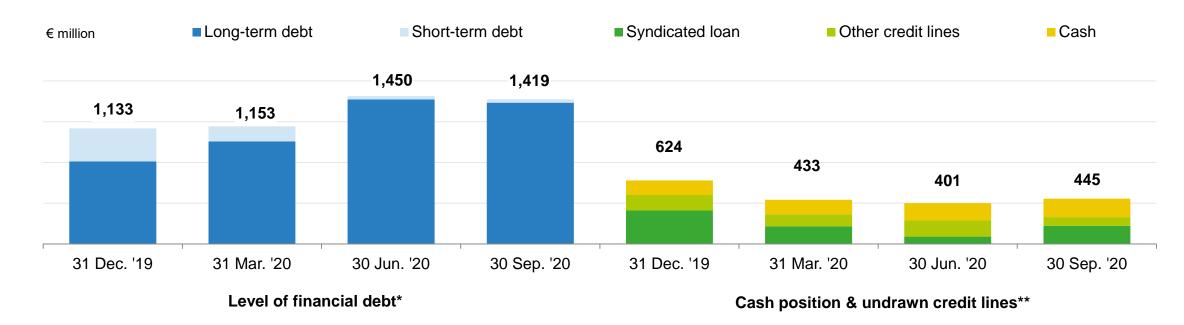
- Net working capital lower y/y, driven by demand-related increase in trade payables with continued strict inventory management
- Financial gearing increased on the back of a higher net debt and a lower EBITDA*

^{*} TTM EBITDA excluding TTM exceptional items (Q4/19-Q3/20: EUR214m; Q4/18-Q3/19: EUR101m) as well as VALUE 21 costs (Q4/19-Q3/20: EUR28m; Q4/18-Q3/19: EUR72m)



Financial debt after 9M slightly reduced versus H1

Cash position stabilised



All undrawn credit lines are firmly committed until at least the end of 2022

- Decrease in YTD liquidity** mainly due to repayment of "Schuldschein" loan of €166m in March 2020
- Total liquidity including cash position of €445m** at the end of Q3

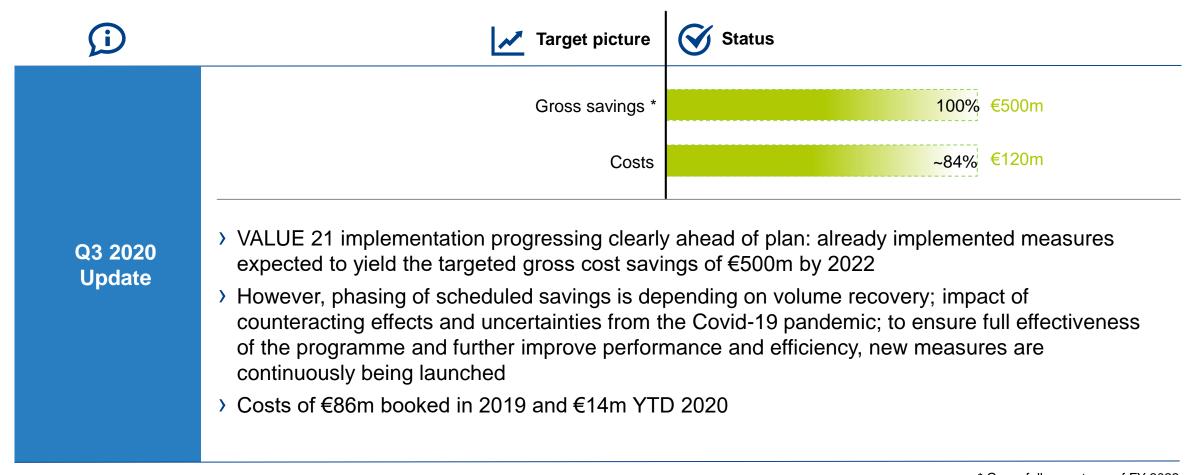
^{**} Bank guarantees amounting to EUR63m (end FY 2019: EUR74m) must be deducted from freely available liquidity at the end of Q3 2020

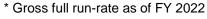


^{*} Excluding leasing liabilities related to IFRS16: Q4/19: EUR196m; Q1/20: EUR244m; Q2/20: EUR274m; Q3/20: EUR263m

Continued focus on implementation of VALUE 21 measures

Total gross savings of €500m effective from 2022 onwards achieved ahead of schedule



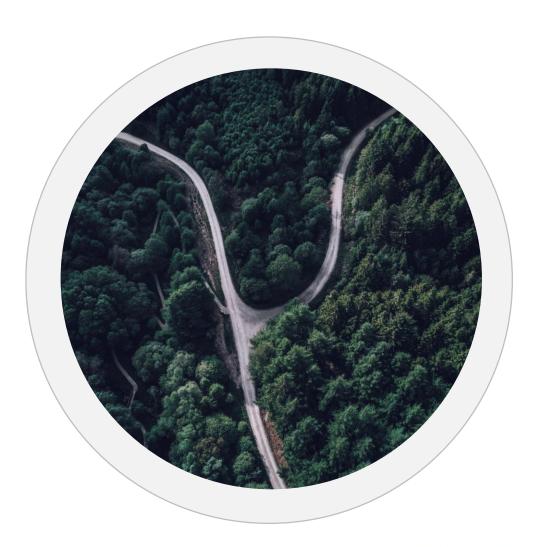




Update on separation from WCS

Investors interested in specific business lines

- Overall attractiveness of WCS businesses still positive; varying degree of market interest for individual businesses of the division
- Based on market feedback, the organizational and legal separation into individual WCS units is currently being implemented
- We have received first signals of interest in acquiring some businesses. However, M&A environment remains challenging
- Separations will only be completed if a fair value can be achieved and if potential buyers can present a forward-looking concept
- Closure of the oil and gas activities LEONI Kerpen (Stolberg) announced mid October; opportunity to continue a part of the business under new ownership currently being reviewed
- > Announced portfolio streamlining in WCS will continue; specific solutions for parts of portfolio accounting for around €500 million in revenue being considered

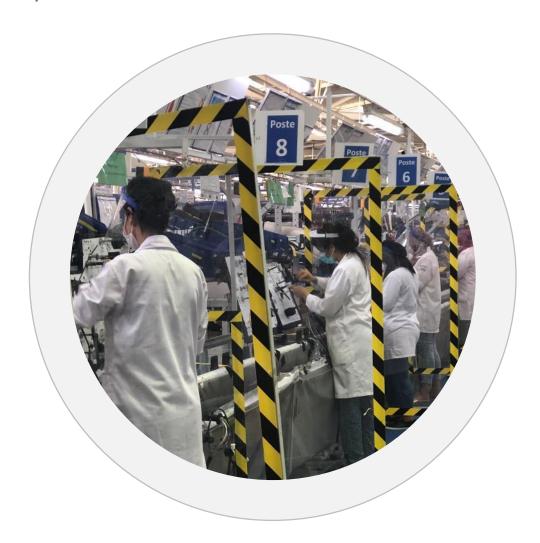




Outlook 2020

Covid-19 pandemic significantly impacting FY 2020 development

- As anticipated, 9M 2020 significantly impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic
- April marked the low-point YTD; gradual improvement has started in May as expected and volumes after the summer break were already close to last year's level
- Asia has shown sharp recovery but still remains slightly below 9M 2019. The pandemic has hit Europe and the Americas for the second time in autumn and visibility in these regions remains low
- Covid-19 will continue to burden LEONI's top- and bottom-line as well as cash flow development during the remainder of the year
- More detailed forecast currently not possible, as infection rates are rising again, and the continuation of the market recovery remains uncertain
- The visibility remains low and given the overall uncertainties for the upcoming quarters further asset write-downs and provisions for onerous contracts losses cannot be excluded





Q & A session





Contact & upcoming events

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Upcoming Events

FY 2020 Results 17 March 2021



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